

**SPORTY'S E6B
ELECTRONIC FLIGHT COMPUTER**



Sporty's E6B Flight Computer is designed to perform 23 aviation functions and 14 standard conversions, and includes timer and clock functions.

We hope that you enjoy your E6B Flight Computer. Its use has been made easy through direct path menu selection and calculation prompting. As you will soon learn, Sporty's E6B is one of the most useful and versatile of all aviation computers.

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Version 08A

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BEFORE USING YOUR E6B

Sporty's E6B Flight Computer requires three 1.5V AAA batteries (not included) for operation. New batteries should be installed in the battery compartment located in the top rear of the computer. Make sure that battery polarity is aligned correctly.

An opaque plastic film has been placed over the display screen to protect your E6B during shipping. This film is easily removed by peeling up one corner and pulling gently.

This manual is designed to offer an introduction to the operation of the E6B. For each calculation, a sample problem has been given.

In order to save power, the display screen automatically turns off approximately 4 minutes after the last keystroke. However, the internal clock and timer will continue to run. If the timer is counting down, it will not shut off for approximately thirty minutes.

This multi-function computer is authorized and acceptable for use during FAA and Canadian written tests. All memory is erased by removing and reinstalling the batteries. NOTE: This also removes clock settings. References: FAA Advisory Circular 60-11B and FAA Order 8081D, Conduct of Airmen Written Tests, April 10, 1989.

DISPLAY SCREEN

T-DCN	WDIR	8	8	8	8	-LEMAC	
WT	PALT					DIST	MCLM
I°C	ARM	8	8	8	8	-GS	RATE
WSPD	T°C					ZULU	
MOM	CAS	8	8	8	8	-%MACRQ/DN	
RWY	CRS					HOME	TIME
CG	TAS	8	8	8	8	-FPH	
						IALT	MROC
X-WIND	RF	8	8	8	8	-MAC	SPRNG
GS	MACH#					BARO	CRALT
H-WIND	GW	8	8	8	8	-FUEL	FXDIS
HDG	DALT					LOCAL	%
	NAUT					CALC	CONV
	FEET					SPCRANGE	TOP
WT/ARM	WT/MOM					%MAC	P-D/ALT
HDG/GS	LEG TIME					FUEL REQ	X/H-WIND
WIND	GS					FPH	PLAN M#
REQ CAS	DIST FLN					ENDUR	ACT M#
							REQCLIMB
							TIMER
							REQ/DSCN
							REQ/DSCN
							PLAN TAS
							ACT TAS
							REQ TAS
							REQ TAS

The figure above shows all possible displays, prompts and labels on the E6B. The numeric display is surrounded by labels for specific problems. Below this are lines of text representing display prompts, labels, and aviation functions. Aviation functions available on the E6B will remain visible whenever the power is on. The display prompts and labels are only visible when in use.









PROMPTS AND LABELS

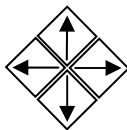
WT:	Weight
I°C:	Indicated Temperature in Celsius
W SPD:	Wind Speed
MOM:	Moment
RWY:	Runway
CG:	Center of Gravity
X-WIND:	Crosswind
GS:	Ground Speed
H-WIND:	Headwind
HDG:	Heading
W DIR:	Wind Direction
P ALT:	Pressure Altitude
ARM:	Arm
T°C:	True Temperature in Celsius
CAS:	Calibrated Air Speed
CRS:	Course
TAS:	True Air Speed
RF:	Reduction Factor
MACH#:	Mach number
GW:	Gross Weight
D ALT:	Density Altitude
LEMAC:	Leading Edge Mean Aerodynamic Chord
DIST:	Distance
ZULU:	Coordinated Universal Time Clock Label

PROMPTS AND LABELS (cont.)


%MAC:	Percent Mean Aerodynamic Chord
HOME:	Home Time Clock Label
FPH:	Fuel Per Hour
TIME:	Time
I ALT:	Indicated Altitude
MAC:	Mean Aerodynamic Chord
BARO:	Altimeter Setting in Inches (Barometer)
FUEL:	Fuel
LOCAL:	Local Time Clock Label
°C:	Temperature in Celsius Label
FEET:	Feet
NAUT:	Nautical
CALC:	Calculator Function
CONV:	Conversion Function
MCLM:	Minimum Climb
MROC:	Required Rate of Climb
%	Climb Gradient
CRALT:	Crossing Altitude
FXDIS:	Fix Distance
RQ/DN:	Required Descent Rate
SPRNG:	Specific Range
RATE:	Descent Rate
T-DCN:	Top of Descent

SPECIAL FUNCTION KEYS

	Turns power on and resets E6B to main menu.
	Turns display screen off.
	Starts and stops timer function.
	Selects menu function and enters data input.
	Totals regular calculator functions.
	Converts keys to alternate functions.
	Controls display and setting of clocks.
	Clears current input line.



Controls function menu cursor. The function on which cursor is located will blink. Arrows return computer to main menu when in an aviation function mode.

	Changes negative to a positive and positive to a negative. A negative number will be denoted by a minus sign near the upper right hand corner of the number. For example, to input -17:
---	---

Press   

And the screen will read 17.

ARITHMETIC FUNCTIONS

7	8	9	÷
4	5	6	X
1	2	3	-
0	•	=	+

Your E6B performs all of the standard arithmetic functions with the keys shown above, (addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division). These functions as well as any conversions can be performed at any time, even while performing an aviation function. The E6B will display up to six digits of the answer.

The

=

 key should be used to compute any arithmetic function

AVIATION FUNCTIONS

The aviation function menu is displayed on the bottom of the screen. Your E6B will automatically save computed values from one aviation function to another. To override this option, key in new value when prompted. The E6B will save true airspeed, groundspeed, time, and fuel per hour functions. It will also save cumulative weight and balance totals.

CONVERSIONS

Conversions are displayed above the appropriate key, and are listed on the next page. All conversion functions are keyed into the computer in the same manner. For example, to convert decimal hours to hours, minutes and seconds:

Input **4 . 2 6 2 5**

Press

CONV

Press

6

The answer, 04:15:45, will appear on the display.

There are no conversion keys for kilometers to statute miles or statute miles to kilometers. To convert from kilometers to statute miles, first convert kilometers to nautical miles, then nautical miles to statute miles.

To convert statute miles to kilometers, first convert from statute miles to nautical miles, then nautical miles to kilometers.

NOTE: Conversions may be made at any time and during any other function. For example, if a calculation prompts for temperature in Celsius and only Fahrenheit is available, the Fahrenheit can be entered and converted without exiting the calculation.

CONVERSIONS (cont.)

0	pounds to kilograms
•	kilograms to pounds
1	feet to meters
2	meters to feet
3	Fahrenheit to Celsius
-	Celsius to Fahrenheit
4	nautical miles to kilometers
5	kilometers to nautical miles
6	decimal hours to hours, minutes, seconds
X	hours, minutes, seconds to decimal hours
7	nautical miles to statute miles
8	statute miles to nautical miles
9	U.S. gallons to liters
÷	liters to U.S. gallons

THE CLOCK FUNCTION

The E6B has three clocks that run simultaneously. They are labeled as ZULU (#1), HOME (#2) and LOCAL (#3).

To display clocks (repeat to cancel):

Press **CLK** then press **0**

To set 11:25:00 on ZULU clock:

Press **CLK** then press **1**

Key in **11** then press **:**

Key in **25** then press **CLK** to start clock

To set hours for HOME and LOCAL clocks:

Press **CLK** then press **2** (for HOME)

or **3** (for LOCAL).

To synchronize minutes and seconds on clocks, press:

CLK **1** **CLK**

ADDING AND SUBTRACTING TIME

Time can be entered into the E6B in either decimal hours or as hours, minutes and seconds. To enter in decimal hours, simply key in a normal decimal number. For example, entering **2.75** hours is the same as entering **02:45:00**.

To key in time in hours, minutes and seconds mode, the key must be used. For example, to enter 3 hours, 14 minutes and 25 seconds:

Key in **3** then press and key in **14**

Press and key in **25**

The display will read **03:14:25**

To key in 5 hours even:

Key in **5** and press

The display will read **05:00:00**

To key in 15 seconds:

Key in **0** then press twice and key in **15**

The display will read **00:00:15**

Time can be added in either mode; times from different modes can also be added without converting.

For example, to add 3.45 hours and 2:45:00:

Key in **3.45** and press

Key in **2:45** and press

The display will read **06:12:00**.

TIMER FUNCTION

The timer can be used in either a count down or count up mode.

To enter **TIMER** mode, press **TIMER**

Once in **TIMER** mode, the **TIMER** key acts as a start/stop button. The timer is set to count up.

To change counting direction, press **CONV** **TIMER**

The timer can be cleared by pressing:

C **CLK** **TIMER**

To input a time other than 00:00:00:

Press **C** then input a time in hours, minutes, seconds (HMS) or decimal format then press **CLK**

TIMER. To count up, press **TIMER**

To count down, press **CONV** **TIMER**

Upon reaching zero in count down mode, the timer will count time since zero was reached. To denote this, a negative sign will appear to the right of the timer. The count down timer can be used as a reminder of when to switch fuel tanks, to fly a non-precision approach (**LEG TIME** function) or measuring ground speed from one checkpoint to another checkpoint (**GS**).

Any function requiring time to be entered, the timer may be used by pressing **TIMER** **ENTER** when prompted for time. The timer can be set to 00:00:00 or another time and then count up or down in these calculations.

Activating the count down timer will keep the screen from turning off until approximately thirty minutes without use.

**PRESSURE AND DENSITY ALTITUDE
(P-D/ALT)**

This function will compute the pressure and density altitude given the indicated altitude, barometric pressure (altimeter setting in inches), and true temperature in Celsius. In this example, indicated altitude is 10,000 feet, the barometer is 29.94 inches, and the temperature is 5°C.

Select **P-D/ALT** from main menu

Press **ENTER** and the display will prompt for **IALT**

Key in **10000** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **BARO**

Key in **29.94** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **T°C**

Key in **5** and press **ENTER**

The display will read:

(FLASHING) P ALT	9980.
T°C	5.
	10000. I ALT
	29.94 BARO
(FLASHING) D ALT	11093.

**PLANNED TRUE AIRSPEED
(PLAN TAS)**

This function is used to calculate true airspeed for preflight planning. It will compute the true airspeed in knots and Mach number and density altitude, given the pressure altitude, temperature, and calibrated airspeed in knots. In this example, pressure altitude is 10,000 feet, temperature is 2°C, and CAS is 200 knots.

Select **PLAN TAS** from main menu

Press **ENTER** and the display will prompt for **P ALT**

Key in **10000** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **T °C**

Key in **2** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **CAS**

Key in **200** and press **ENTER**

The display will read:

P ALT	10000.
T°C	2.
CAS	200.
(FLASHING) TAS	234.7
(FLASHING) MACH#	0.36
(FLASHING) D ALT	10775.

HEADING AND GROUND SPEED (HDG/GS)

This function will compute heading and ground speed given wind direction, wind speed, course, and true airspeed. In this example, the wind is from 270° at 20, course is 180°, and true airspeed is 185.

Select **HDG/GS** from main menu

Press **ENTER** and the display will prompt for **W DIR**

Key in **270** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **W SPD**

Key in **20** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **CRS**

Key in **180** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **TAS**

Key in **185** and press **ENTER**

The display will read:

W DIR	270.
W SPD	20.
CRS	180.
TAS	185.
(FLASHING) GS	183.9
(FLASHING) HDG	186.2

**LEG TIME
(LEG TIME)**

This function computes the time required to fly a particular distance given distance and ground speed. In this example, distance is 25 and ground speed is 185.

Select **LEG TIME** from main menu

Press **ENTER** and the display will prompt for **DIST**

Key in **25** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **GS**

Key in **185** and press **ENTER**

The display will read:

25.	DIST
185.	GS
00:08:06	TIME (FLASHING)

After **LEG TIME** is calculated, the count down timer can be activated starting at the calculated time by pressing

CONV **TIMER**

**FUEL REQUIRED
(FUEL REQ)**

Since it is one of the most important aviation calculations, this function flashes on the main menu when the computer is turned on. It calculates fuel requirements given time and fuel per hour consumption. In this example, flying time is 3 hours 15 minutes and fuel per hour consumption is 14 gallons.

Select **FUEL REQ** from main menu

Press **ENTER** and the display will prompt for **TIME**

Key in time of 3 hours, 15 minutes and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **FPH** (fuel per hour)

Key in **14** and press **ENTER**

The display will read:

03:15:00	TIME
14	FPH
45.5	FUEL (FLASHING)

NOTE: The Fuel Required function computes fuel consumption only; it does not take required fuel reserves into account.

CROSSWIND, HEADWIND AND TAILWIND (X/H-WIND)

This function computes the crosswind component and headwind or tailwind component given wind direction, wind speed and runway number. In this example, the wind is from 270° at 20, and the runway number is 30. Note that the runway number, not heading, is asked for, and therefore 30 should be entered, not 300.

Select **X/H-WIND** from main menu

Press **ENTER** and the display will prompt for **W DIR**

Key in **270** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **W SPD**

Key in **20** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **RWY**

Key in **30** and press **ENTER**

The display will read:

	W DIR	270.
	W SPD	20.
	RWY	30.
(FLASHING)	X-WIND	10. -
(FLASHING)	H-WIND	17.3 -

Right crosswinds are shown as positive numbers, while left crosswinds are shown as negative numbers. A positive

value for H-WIND denotes a tailwind, while a negative value denotes a headwind.

**ACTUAL TRUE AIRSPEED
(ACT TAS)**

This function calculates true airspeed, Mach number and density altitude given pressure altitude, indicated temperature in Celsius and calibrated airspeed. In this example, pressure altitude is 10,000 feet, temperature is 3°C, and airspeed is 200.

Select **ACT TAS** from main menu

Press **ENTER** and the display will prompt for **PALT**

Key in **10000** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **I° C**

Key in **3** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **CAS**

Key in **200** and press **ENTER**

The display will read:

P ALT	10000.
I°C	3.
CAS	200.
(FLASHING) TAS	232.
(FLASHING) MACH#	0.36
(FLASHING) D ALT	10044.8

**WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION
(WIND)**

This function calculates wind speed and direction given course, true airspeed, ground speed, and heading. In this example, the course is 355°, true airspeed is 200, ground speed is 170, and the heading is 350°.

Select **WIND** from main menu

Press **ENTER** and the display will prompt for **CRS**

Key in **355** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **TAS**

Key in **200** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **GS**

Key in **170** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **HDG**

Key in **350** and press **ENTER**

The display will read:

(FLASHING) W DIR	324.2
(FLASHING) W SPD	34.
CRS	355.
TAS	200.
GS	170.
HDG	350.

**GROUND SPEED
(GS)**

This function calculates ground speed given distance and time. In this example, distance is 18, and time is 7 minutes.

Select **GS** from main menu

Press **ENTER** and the display will prompt for **DIST**

Key in **18** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **TIME**

Key in time of 7 minutes and press **ENTER**

The display will read:

18. DIST
154.3 GS (FLASHING)
00:07:00 TIME

NOTE: Times can be imported from the timer for ground speed calculations. This can be done by pressing **TIMER** **ENTER** when the computer prompts for **TIME** to use the timer's current value.

FUEL PER HOUR (FPH)

This function computes fuel per hour given time and total fuel consumed. In this example, time is 3 hours 15 minutes, and fuel consumed is 45.5 gallons.

Select **FPH** from main menu

Press **ENTER** and the display will prompt for **FUEL**
Key in **45.5** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **TIME**

Key in time of 3 hours, 15 minutes and press **ENTER**

The display will read:

03:15:00 TIME
14. FPH (FLASHING)
45.5 FUEL

PLANNED MACH NUMBER (PLAN M#)

This function will compute the true airspeed given the true temperature in Celsius and the Mach number. In this example, temperature is -20°C and the Mach# is 0.85.

Select **PLAN M#** from main menu

Press **ENTER** and the display will prompt for T °C

Key in **20** and press **+/-**

Press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **MACH#**
Key in **0.85** and press **ENTER**

The display will read:

T°C	20.
(FLASHING) TAS	527.2
MACH#	0.85

**REQUIRED TRUE AIRSPEED
(REQ TAS)**

Required True Airspeed is a planning function used to maintain a certain ground speed and course in order to arrive at a desired point at a specific time. It will compute true airspeed and heading given wind direction and speed, course, and ground speed. In this example, the wind is from 270° at 15, course is 355°, and ground speed is 225.

Select **REQ TAS** from the main menu

Press **ENTER** and the display will prompt for **WDIR**
Key in **270** and press **ENTER**

Display will prompt for **WSPD**;

Key in **15** and press **ENTER**

Display will prompt for **CRS**

Key in **355** and press **ENTER**

Display will prompt for **GS**

Key in **225** and press **ENTER**

The display will read:

W DIR	270.
W SPD	15.
CRS	355.
(FLASHING) TAS	226.8
GS	225.
(FLASHING) HDG	351.2

**REQUIRED CALIBRATED AIRSPEED
(REQ CAS)**

This function calculates the calibrated airspeed, corresponding Mach number, and density altitude given the pressure altitude, true temperature in Celsius, and true airspeed. In this example, pressure altitude is 10,000 feet, temperature is 2°C, and the true airspeed is 200.

Select **REQ CAS** from main menu

Press **ENTER** and the display will prompt for **PALT**

Key in **10000** and press **ENTER**

Display will prompt for **T °C**;

Key in **2** and press

Display will prompt for **TAS**

Key in **200** and press

The display will read:

P ALT	10000.
T °C	2.
(FLASHING) CAS	170.4
TAS	200.
(FLASHING) MACH#	0.31
(FLASHING) D ALT	10774.9

**DISTANCE FLOWN
(DIST FLN)**

This function calculates for distance given time and ground speed. In this example, the ground speed is 185 and time is 15 minutes.

Select **DIST FLN** from main menu

Press and the display will prompt for **GS**

Key in **185** and press

The display will prompt for **TIME**

27

Key in time of 15 minutes and press **ENTER**

The display will read:

46.3	DIST (FLASHING)
185	G S
00:15:00	TIME

NOTE: The time can also be keyed in as 0.25 hours; see "Adding and Subtracting Time".

ENDURANCE (ENDUR)

This function calculates endurance given the total fuel on board and the fuel per hour consumption. In this example, fuel on board is 74, and fuel per hour is 14.

Select **ENDUR** from main menu

Press **ENTER** and the display will prompt for **FUEL**

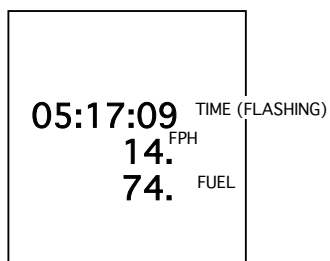
Key in **74** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **FPH**

28

Key in **14** and press **ENTER**

The display will read:



05:17:09 TIME (FLASHING)
14. FPH
74. FUEL

ACTUAL MACH NUMBER (ACT M#)

This function calculates true airspeed given the indicated temperature and Mach number. It differs from the PLAN M# function only in that indicated temperature is used instead of true temperature. In this example, the indicated temperature is -17°C and the Mach number is 0.85.

Select **ACT M#** from main menu

Press **ENTER** and the display will prompt for **1°C**

Key in **17** and press **+/-**

29

Press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **MACH#**

Key in **0.85** and press **ENTER**

The display will read:

I°C	17.
(FLASHING) TAS	494.9
MACH#	0.85

WEIGHT AND ARM (WT/ARM)

This function is an easy method to compute the proper loading of the aircraft. The E6B will retain and display cumulative totals for center of gravity, (CG), gross weight (GW), and moment (MOM). This will allow you to continue keying in weight and arm values for the plane, passengers and baggage to obtain running totals. In the WT/ARM mode, the E6B continuously prompts for new WT and ARM values.

Arm is the distance in inches from the datum line to the center of gravity of an item. The datum line is an imaginary

line established by the manufacturer from which all arm measurements are taken. The moment is the product of arm times weight, divided by the reduction factor. The reduction factor is a constant of 1 for WT/ARM calculations. The computer will always assume RF=1.

In this example, aircraft empty weight is 2467, arm is 76.7", and the reduction factor is 1.

Select **WT/ARM** from main menu

Press **ENTER** and the display will prompt for **WT**

Key in **2467** and press **ENTER**

The computer will prompt for **ARM**

Key in **76.7** and press **ENTER**

The computer will prompt for **RF** and the computer will assume a value of 1.

Press **ENTER**

**WEIGHT AND ARM (cont.)
(WT/ARM)**

The display will read:

	WT	2467.
	ARM	76.7
(FLASHING)	MOM	189218.
(FLASHING)	CG	76.7
	R F	1.
(FLASHING)	GW	2467.

After keying in the airplane's empty weight and arm, the next step is to calculate the weight and balance for the aircraft at takeoff. For this example, we'll assume the following load:

<u>Item</u>	<u>Weight</u>	<u>Arm</u>
Fuel	72.5 gal (6 lbs./gal.)	75
Front passengers	340	75
Rear passengers	340	115
Baggage	18	164

With above display showing, press **ENTER**

Key in **72.5** **X** **6** **=**; WT will display **435**

Press **ENTER**; Key in **ARM** of **75**; Press **ENTER**

New totals will appear for MOM, CG and GW. The passengers can be added onto the total in the same manner the fuel was added above. RF will remain the same throughout the problem; therefore, you will only be prompted once for the RF. The final calculations can be used to confirm that the weight and CG are within the airplane's operating limitations.

WEIGHT AND ARM (cont.)
(WT/ARM)

When finished, the cumulative totals will be displayed. The screen will display:

	WT	18.
	ARM	164.
(FLASHING)	MOM	289395.
(FLASHING)	CG	80.39
	R F	1.
(FLASHING)	GW	3600.

Weight can also be moved or subtracted. Suppose one of the rear seat passengers can't make the trip:

Press **ENTER**

Key in **WT** of **170** and press **+/-**; Press **ENTER**

Key in **ARM** of **115**; Press **ENTER**

The screen will display:

	WT	170.
	ARM	115.
(FLASHING)	MOM	269845.
(FLASHING)	C G	78.67
	R F	1.
(FLASHING)	GW	3430.

WEIGHT AND MOMENT

(WT/MOM)

This function is similar to the WEIGHT AND ARM function. However, flight manuals for some aircraft describe weight and balance problems in terms of moments. Sporty's E6B will retain and display cumulative totals for center of gravity, gross weight and moment given weight and moment for each item and reduction factor. Reduction Factor is 100. As an example, use the following table for entry:

<u>ITEM</u>	<u>WEIGHT</u>	<u>MOM/100</u>
Empty weight	3472	1220
Seat #1	170	63
Seat #2	160	59
Seat #3	100	68
Seat #4	120	82
Baggage, nose compartment	100	-31
Baggage, rear compartment	60	74
Fuel, main tanks	600	210
Fuel, auxiliary tanks	378	178

Select **WT/MOM** from main menu

Press and the display will prompt for **WT**

Key in **3472** and press

The display will prompt for **MOM**

Key in **1220** and press

The display will prompt for **RF**

Key in **100** and press

**WEIGHT AND MOMENT (cont.)
(WT/MOM)**

The display will read:

WT	3472.
(FLASHING) MOM	1220.
(FLASHING) C G	35.14
RF	100.
(FLASHING) GW	3472.

Press **ENTER** to input remaining weights and moments. Since the RF has already been keyed in, the computer will not prompt for RF after the first entry. The E6B will keep running totals for moment, center of gravity and gross weight.

When finished, the display will read:

WT	378.
(FLASHING) MOM	1923.
(FLASHING) C G	37.27
RF	100.
(FLASHING) GW	5160.

Totals for moment, center of gravity, and gross weight should then be checked against the aircraft's approved operating limits.

PERCENT MAC
(%MAC)

This function computes the percent of mean aerodynamic chord, or the percentage distance of the center of gravity from the leading edge to the trailing edge of the wing. Leading edge mean aerodynamic chord, the center of gravity, and the mean aerodynamic chord. In this example, leading edge mean aerodynamic chord (LEMAC) is 22.29, the CG is 37.27, and the mean aerodynamic chord (MAC) is 61.4.

Select **%MAC** from main menu

Press and the display will prompt for **LEMAC**

Key in **22.29** and press

The display will prompt for **CG**

Key in **37.27** and press

The display will prompt for **MAC**

Key in **61.4** and press

The display will read:

	22.29	LEMAC
	24.4	%MAC (FLASHING)
C G	37.27	
	61.4	MAC

The total for %MAC should be checked against the aircraft's approved operating limits.

**REQUIRED RATE OF CLIMB
(REQCLIMB)**

This function computes the required rate of climb (common in departure procedures) in feet per minute and provides the climb gradient given groundspeed and minimum climb in feet per mile. In this example, the groundspeed is 80 and the minimum climb is 330 feet per mile.

Select **REQCLIMB** from main menu

Press **ENTER** and the display will prompt for **MCLM**

Key in **330** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **GS**

Key in **80** and press **ENTER**

The display will read:

330	MCLM
80	G S
440	MROC (FLASHING)
5.4	% (FLASHING)

**REQUIRED RATE OF DESCENT
(REQ/DSCN)**

This function determines the required descent or climb rate to arrive at a fix at a specific altitude given groundspeed, indicated altitude, crossing altitude and fix distance. In this example, the aircraft is cruising at 14,000 feet with a groundspeed of 180. ATC assigns a crossing altitude of 8,000 feet for a fix located 25 miles away. Select **REQ/DSCN** from the main menu

Press **ENTER** and the display will prompt for **GS**

Key in **180** and press **ENTER**

Display will prompt for **I ALT**;

Key in **14000** and press **ENTER**

Display will prompt for **C RALT**

Key in **8000** and press **ENTER**

Display will prompt for **FXDIS**

Key in **25** and press **ENTER**

The display will read:

GS	180.
(FLASHING) RQ/DN	720.
IALT	14000.
CRALT	8000.
FXDIS	25.

This ATC crossing restriction will require a descent rate of 720 feet per minute

A positive value for RQ/DN indicates a descent. A negative value indicates a climb to the crossing altitude.

**TOP OF DESCENT
(TOP DSCN)**

This function determines when to begin a descent to arrive at the destination at a desired altitude given aircraft groundspeed, indicated altitude, desired altitude and rate of descent. In this example, our indicated altitude is 11,500 feet. We desire to be at a pattern altitude of 1,500 feet descending at 600 feet per minute with a groundspeed of 140.

Select **TOP DSCN** from the main menu

Press **ENTER** and the display will prompt for **GS**

Key in **140** and press **ENTER**

Display will prompt for **IALT**;

Key in **11,500** and press **ENTER**

Display will prompt for **DALT**

39

Key in **1500** and press **ENTER**

Display will prompt for **RATE**

Key in **600** and press **ENTER**

The display will read:

(FLASHING) T-DCN	38.9
RATE	600.
IALT	11500.
GS	140.
DALT	1500.

The descent should begin 39 miles from our destination.

SPECIFIC RANGE (SPCRANGE)

Specific range is a planning function used to determine the most desirable altitude for long range flight. Range is calculated in miles given the total fuel, groundspeed and fuel burn. In this example, we will compute aircraft range at 12,000 feet with 140 gallons of fuel. Our fuel burn will be 24 gallons per hour with a groundspeed of 150.

Select **SPCRANGE** from main menu

Press **ENTER** and the display will prompt for **FUEL**

Key in **140** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **GS**

Key in **150** and press **ENTER**

The display will prompt for **FPH**

Key in **24** and press **ENTER**

The display will read:

GS	150.
FPH	24.
(FLASHING) SPCRNG	875.
FUEL	140.

This cruise altitude will yield a range of 875 miles

Following the same sequence for a flight at 8,000 feet with 140 gallons of fuel, a groundspeed of 165 and fuel burn of 27 gallons per hour, a specific range of 855.6 is calculated. An additional 20 miles of range is available at 12,000 feet.

APPENDIX A SAMPLE PROBLEMS

TIME

4:45:00 + 2:15:30 = 07:00:30
6.7 - 5:20:00 = 01:22:00

CONVERSIONS

25 pounds to kilograms	11.3398
12 kilograms to pounds	26.4554
30 feet to meters	9.144
100 meters to feet	328.083
32° Fahrenheit to Celsius	0°
100° Celsius to Fahrenheit	212°
100 nautical miles to kilometers	185.2
50 kilometers to nautical miles	26.9978
9.5125 decimal hrs to hms	9:30:45

12:30:30 hms to decimal hrs	12.5083
87 nautical miles to statute miles	100.117
115 statute miles to nautical miles	99.9324
1 U.S. gallon to liters	3.78541
10 liters to U.S. gallons	2.64172

WT/ARM

	<u>WT</u>	<u>ARM</u>	<u>MOM</u>	<u>GW</u>
empty	2467	76.7	189218	2467
RF 1				
fuel	444	75.0	222518	2911
front seat	340	75.0	248018	3251
2nd row	0	115		
3rd row	0	148		
baggage	100	164	264418	3351

CG = 78.91

**APPENDIX A (cont.)
SAMPLE PROBLEMS**

WT/MOM

Payload computations		
<u>ITEM</u>	<u>WEIGHT</u> <u>(pounds)</u>	<u>MOMENT</u> <u>/1000</u>
Basic operating weight	8916	2809.0
<u>Cabin</u>		
Seat 3	170	37.7
Seat 4	160	35.5
Seat 5	190	50.5
Seat 6	110	29.3
<u>Baggage</u>		
Nose	60	4.4
Tail cone	110	50.8

W DIR	270		
W SPD	20	GS	192.2
CRS	355	HDG	349.1
TAS	195		

LEG TIME

DIST	25	TIME	00:07:42
GS	195		

FUEL REQ

TIME	02:45:00	FUEL	38.5
FPH	14		

X/H-WIND

W DIR	270	X-WIND	10-
W SPD	20	H-WIND	17.3-
RWY	30		

**APPENDIX A (cont.)
SAMPLE PROBLEMS**

INPUT

OUTPUT

ACT TAS

PALT	12000	TAS	234.5
I°C	2	MACH#	0.37
CAS	195	DALT	12374.1

WIND

CRS	355		
TAS	195	W DIR	307.9
GS	175	W SPD	27.8
HDG	349		

GS

DIST 32 GS 128.
TIME 00:15:00

FPH

FUEL 33 FPH 12.
TIME 02:45:00

PLAN M#

T°C -45 TAS 482.8
MACH# 0.82

**APPENDIX A (cont.)
SAMPLE PROBLEMS**

INPUT

REQ TAS

W DIR 270
W SPD 20
CRS 355
GS 192

OUTPUT

TAS 194.76
HDG 349.1

REQ CAS

PALT 8000 CAS 160.7
T°C 12 MACH# 0.28
TAS 185 DALT 9461.3

DIST FLN

GS 220 DIST 476.7
TIME 02:10:00

ENDUR

FUEL 70 TIME 05:00:00
FPH 14

ACT M#

I°C 52- TAS 445.6
MACH# 0.82

REQCLIMB

MCLM 400 MROC 533.3
GS 80 % 6.6

**APPENDIX A (cont.)
SAMPLE PROBLEMS**

INPUT OUTPUT

REQ/DSCN

GS 220
IALT 20000 RQ/DN 1320
CRALT 11000
FIXDIS 25

TOP/DSCN

GS 230
IALT 22000 T-DSCN 53.7
DALT 1000
RATE 1500

SPCRANGE

FUEL	2500	CAS	160.7
GS	280	MACH#	0.28
FPH	700		

**WEIGHT AND MEASURE
CONVERSIONS**

1 inch	=	2.54 centimeters
1 centimeter	=	0.3937 inches
1 statute mile	=	1.61 kilometers
1 kilometer	=	0.62 statute miles
1 U.S. gallon	=	0.833 Imperial gallons
1 Imperial gallon	=	1.201 U.S. gallons
1 liter	=	0.22 Imperial gallons
1 Imperial gallon	=	4.55 liters

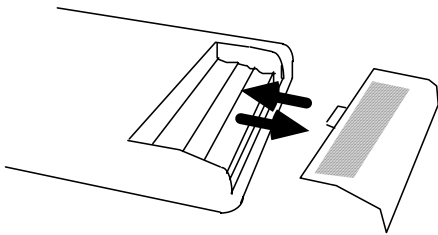
1 ounce	=	28.35 grams
1 gram	=	0.035 ounces
1 inch of Mercury	=	33.86 millibars
1 millibar	=	0.0295" of Mercury

BATTERY REPLACEMENT

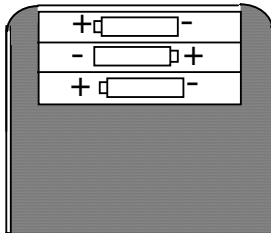
Your E6B computer requires three 1.5 volt AAA batteries. Heavy-duty or extra heavy-duty batteries are recommended. The life of the batteries depends on the frequency of use and the type of battery used.

To replace the batteries:

1. The battery cover is located on the top rear of the calculator. Slide the cover off in the direction of the arrow.



2. Install the negative (-) end of the battery against the spring and the positive (+) end against the contact. Install three batteries. Slide the battery cover back into place.



TROUBLESHOOTING AND CARE

1. Batteries should last from six to nine months depending on use. If your E6B fails to respond or the display becomes dim, replace the batteries. Installation of new batteries should be checked to ensure proper placement.

2. If clocks reset while stored and the computer continues to function properly, or if the batteries discharge prematurely, the batteries may be loose. To correct, remove batteries and gently bend the spring leaf battery

terminal in the battery compartment. The leaf should angle out at approximately 45°.

3. It is possible to inadvertently turn the computer on by bumping the face of the computer when it is in its protective case. Therefore, care should be taken to guard against accidental activation.

4. Improper input of data will cause incorrect answers. Read the operating instructions to ensure that you are entering problems correctly. Also be sure that units agree, i.e., all units in statute miles, nautical miles, or kilometers.

5. Your E6B is designed to withstand a wide range of temperatures. However, exposure to direct sunlight or excessive temperatures for prolonged periods may cause the display to go blank. If this occurs, move the calculator to a cooler place and the display will return.

6. Solvents should not be used to clean your E6B. To clean the display, use a clean eyeglass lens tissue.

7. To conserve battery life, deactivate timer when computer is not in use.

TROUBLESHOOTING AND CARE (cont.)

8. If the computer does not respond to these steps, return it to us with a detailed description of the difficulty you are having. Pack the E6B carefully to prevent damage during shipping. Include your name, address, and phone number, and return it to:

Sporty's Pilot Shop
Clermont County / Sporty's Airport
Batavia, Ohio 45103

**SPORTY'S E6B CALCULATOR
FIVE YEAR LIMITED WARRANTY**

Our limited warranty is simple. If your E6B fails due to defective workmanship or parts during normal use in its first five years, we will replace or repair it at our option.

This warranty does not apply to units subjected to misuse, battery leakage, neglect or accidents. This warranty does not apply to units damaged by excess moisture or to units repaired or altered outside the factory.

To have your unit serviced under this warranty, return it postage paid with proof of purchase to:

Sporty's Pilot Shop
Clermont County / Sporty's Airport
Batavia, Ohio 45103

NOTE: Sporty's E6B is an instruction and information aid, and is not an avionics instrument.

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